Claims

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1. A bone-enhancing composite comprising synthetic apatite and at least one supplementary bioactive agent selected from a biocompatible polymer and an anti-resorption agent added *ab initio*, wherein the synthetic apatite comprises ionic calcium, phosphate, carbonate and at least one amino acid in monomeric or polymeric form.

- The bone-enhancing composite according to claim 1 wherein the biocompatible polymer is selected from a natural biocompatible polymer and a synthetic biocompatible polymer.
- 3. The bone-enhancing composite according to claim 2 wherein said natural polymer is a polysaccharide.
 - 4. The bone-enhancing composite according to claim 3 wherein said polysaccharide is a glycosaminoglycan.
 - 5. The bone-enhancing composite according to claim 4 wherein said glycosaminoglycan is heparin or a heparin derivative.
 - 6. The bone-enhancing composite according to claim 1 further comprising at least one therapeutic agent.
 - 7. The bone-enhancing composite according to claim 6 wherein the at least one therapeutic agent is selected from the group consisting of antibiotics, antiviral agents, chemotherapeutic agents, anti-rejection agents, analgesics and analgesic combinations, anti-inflammatory agents, hormones, growth factors and cytokines.
 - 8. The bone-enhancing composite according to claim 7 wherein said at least one therapeutic agent is a growth factor.
 - 9. The bone-enhancing composite according to claim 8 wherein said growth factor is a fibroblast growth factor or an active fragment or variant thereof.
 - 10. The bone-enhancing composite according to claim 1 wherein said synthetic apatite is a poorly crystalline apatite.
 - 11. The bone-enhancing composite according to claim 1 wherein said synthetic apatite is a poorly crystalline apatite and said at least one supplementary bioactive agent is heparin or a heparin derivative.

12. The bone-enhancing composite according to claim 11 further comprising fibroblast growth factor or an active fragment or variant thereof.

- 13. The bone-enhancing composite according to claim 1 wherein the anti-resorptive agent is a bisphosphonate or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.
- 5 14. The bone-enhancing composite according to claim 10 wherein said poorly crystalline apatite has an X-ray diffraction pattern comprising a peak at a 2 theta value of about 26° and an undifferentiated peak at 2 theta values of about 31° to about 33°.
- 15. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a bone enhancing composite, the bone enhancing composite comprising synthetic apatite and at least one supplementary bioactive agent selected from a biocompatible polymer and an anti-resorption agent added *ab initio*, wherein the synthetic apatite comprises ionic calcium, phosphate, carbonate and at least one amino acid in monomeric or polymeric form, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or diluent.
- 16. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15 wherein the biocompatible polymer is selected from a natural biocompatible polymer and a synthetic biocompatible polymer.
 - 17. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 16 wherein said natural polymer is a polysaccharide.
- 20 18. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 17 wherein said polysaccharide is a glycosaminoglycan.
 - 19. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 18 wherein said glycosaminoglycan is heparin or a heparin derivative.
 - 20. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15 further comprising at least one therapeutic agent.

- 21. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 20 wherein the at least one therapeutic agent is selected from the group consisting of antibiotics, antiviral agents, chemotherapeutic agents, anti-rejection agents, analgesics and analgesic combinations, anti-inflammatory agents, hormones, growth factors and cytokines.
- 30 22. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 21 wherein said at least one therapeutic agent is a growth factor.

23. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 22 wherein said growth factor is a fibroblast growth factor or an active fragment or variant thereof.

- 24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15 wherein said synthetic apatite is a poorly crystalline apatite.
- 5 25. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15 wherein said synthetic apatite is a poorly crystalline apatite and said at least one supplementary agent is heparin or a heparin derivative.
 - 26. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15 further comprising fibroblast growth factor or an active fragment or variant thereof.
- 27. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 15 wherein the anti-resorptive agent is a bisphosphonate or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.

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- 28. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 24 wherein said poorly crystalline apatite has an X-ray diffraction pattern comprising a peak at a 2 theta value of about 26° and an undifferentiated peak at 2 theta values of about 31° to about 33°.
- 29. A method for treating orthopedic, periodontal and craniofacial indications comprising administering to a subject in need thereof a therapeutically effective amount of a composition comprising synthetic apatite and at least one supplementary bioactive agent selected from a biocompatible polymer and an anti-resorption agent added *ab initio*, wherein the synthetic apatite comprises ionic calcium, phosphate, carbonate and at least one amino acid in monomeric or polymeric form.
 - 30. The method according to claim 29 wherein the biocompatible polymer is selected from a natural biocompatible polymer and a synthetic biocompatible polymer.
- 25 31. The method according to claim 30 wherein said natural polymer is a polysaccharide.
 - 32. The method according to claim 31 wherein said polysaccharide is a glycosaminoglycan.
 - 33. The method according to claim 32 wherein said glycosaminoglycan is heparin or a heparin derivative.

34. The method according to claim 29 further comprising at least one therapeutic agent.

- 35. The method according to claim 34 wherein the at least one therapeutic agent is selected from the group consisting of antibiotics, antiviral agents, chemotherapeutic agents, anti-rejection agents, analgesics and analgesic combinations, anti-inflammatory agents, hormones, growth factors and cytokines.
- 36. The method according to claim 35 wherein said at least one therapeutic agent is a growth factor.
- 37. The method according to claim 36 wherein said growth factor is a fibroblast growth factor or an active fragment or variant thereof.
- 38. The method according to claim 29 wherein said synthetic apatite is a poorly crystalline apatite.

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- 39. The method according to claim 29 wherein said synthetic apatite is a poorly crystalline apatite and said at least one supplementary bioactive agent is heparin or a heparin derivative.
- 15 40. The method according to claim 39 further comprising fibroblast growth factor or an active fragment or variant thereof.
 - 41. The method according to claim 29 wherein the anti-resorptive agent is a bisphosphonate or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.
 - 42. The method according to claim 38 wherein said poorly crystalline apatite has an X-ray diffraction pattern comprising a peak at a 2 theta value of about 26° and an undifferentiated peak at 2 theta values of about 31° to about 33°.
 - 43. Use of a composite comprising synthetic apatite and at least one supplementary bioactive agent selected from a biocompatible polymer and an anti-resorption agent added *ab initio*, wherein the synthetic apatite comprises ionic calcium, phosphate, carbonate and at least one amino acid in monomeric or polymeric form, for the manufacture of a bone-enhancing medicament.
 - 44. Use according to claim 43 wherein the biocompatible polymer is selected from a natural biocompatible polymer and a synthetic biocompatible polymer.
 - 45. Use according to claim 44 wherein said natural polymer is a polysaccharide.
- 46. Use according to claim 45 wherein said polysaccharide is a glycosaminoglycan.

47. Use according to claim 46 wherein said glycosaminoglycan is heparin or a heparin derivative.

48. Use according to claim 43 further comprising at least one therapeutic agent.

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- 49. The method according to claim 48 wherein the at least one therapeutic agent is selected from the group consisting of antibiotics, antiviral agents, chemotherapeutic agents, anti-rejection agents, analgesics and analgesic combinations, anti-inflammatory agents, hormones, growth factors and cytokines.
- 50. The method according to claim 49 wherein said at least one therapeutic agent is a growth factor.
- 10 51. The method according to claim 40 wherein said growth factor is a fibroblast growth factor or an active fragment or variant thereof.
 - 52. The method according to claim 42 wherein said synthetic apatite is a poorly crystalline apatite.
 - 53. The method according to claim 52 wherein said synthetic apatite is a poorly crystalline apatite and said at least one supplementary bioactive agent is heparin or a heparin derivative.
 - 54. The method according to claim 53 further comprising fibroblast growth factor or an active fragment or variant thereof.
 - 55. The method according to claim 42 wherein the anti-resorptive agent is a bisphosphonate or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.
 - 56. The method according to claim 52 wherein said poorly crystalline apatite has an X-ray diffraction pattern comprising a peak at a 2 theta value of about 26° and an undifferentiated peak at 2 theta values of about 31° to about 33°.
 - 57. A method of preparing a bone enhancing composite comprising the steps of:
- a) preparing a liquid mixture comprising ionic calcium, phosphate, at least one amino acid in either monomeric or polymeric form, carbonate, at least one supplementary bioactive agent selected from a biocompatible polymer and an anti-resorptive agent, optionally further comprising a therapeutic agent;
 - b) subjecting said mixture to microwave irradiation;
- 30 c) quenching said irradiated mixture;

d) filtering said quenched mixture so as to separate between the filtrate and a cake;

- e) drying said cake;
- f) grinding said cake into a powder.
- 5 58. The method according to claim 57 further comprising the following steps:
 - g) sterilizing said powder;

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- wetting said sterilized powder with a solution optionally comprising at least one therapeutic agent;
- i) preparing said wetted powder for administration.
- 59. The method according to claim 57 wherein the biocompatible polymer is selected from a natural biocompatible polymer and a synthetic biocompatible polymer.
 - 60. The method according to claim 59 wherein said natural polymer is a polysaccharide.
 - 61. The method according to claim 60 wherein said polysaccharide is a glycosaminoglycan.
 - 62. The method according to claim 61 wherein said glycosaminoglycan is heparin or a heparin derivative.
 - 63. The method according to claim 57 further comprising at least one therapeutic agent.
 - 64. The method according to claim 63 wherein the at least one therapeutic agent is selected from the group consisting of antibiotics, antiviral agents, chemotherapeutic agents, anti-rejection agents, analgesics and analgesic combinations, anti-inflammatory agents, hormones, growth factors and cytokines.
 - 65. The method according to claim 64 wherein said at least one therapeutic agent is a growth factor.
- 25 66. The method according to claim 65 wherein said growth factor is a fibroblast growth factor or an active fragment or variant thereof.
 - 67. The method according to claim 57 wherein said synthetic apatite is a poorly crystalline apatite.

68. The method according to claim 57 wherein said synthetic apatite is a poorly crystalline apatite and said at least one supplementary bioactive agent is heparin or a heparin derivative.

69. The method according to claim 68 further comprising fibroblast growth factor or an active fragment or variant thereof.

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- 70. The method according to claim 57 wherein the anti-resorptive agent is a bisphosphonate or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or ester thereof.
- 71. The method according to claim 67 wherein said poorly crystalline apatite has an X-ray diffraction pattern comprising a peak at a 2 theta value of about 26° and an undifferentiated peak at 2 theta values of about 31° to about 33°.